

Product Information & Manual

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Glycerol Dehydrogenase (GlyDH)

Cat no. LDG0020RG

Product Overview

Specification

Appearance	Light brown amorphous powder, lyophilized	
Activity	40 U/ mg or more (containing approx. 10% of stabilizers)	

Properties

Stability	Stable at −20°C for at least one year
Molecular weight	40.9 kDa
Isoelectric point	5.27

Applications

- 1. Enzymatic determination of glycerol
- 2. Research of energy metabolism (1)
- 3. Glycerol metabolism of pathogenic bacteria (1)

Assay

1. Assay principle

	Glycerol dehydrogenase	
Glycerol + NAD+		Dihydroxyacetone +

NADH + H⁺

2. Unit definition

One unit causes the formation of one micromole of NADH per

minute under the conditions described below.

3. Reagents

A. Carbonate-bicarbonate	0.2 M (Prepare by mixing	
buffer, pH 11.0	0.2 M K ₂ CO ₃ and 0.2 M	
	NaHCO₃ to reach pH 11.0)	
B. Glycerol solution	0.3 M	
C. Ammonium sulfate	1.0 M	
solution		
D. NAD+ solution	10 mM [Weigh 133 mg of	
	NAD+ (MW = 663.43) and	
	dissolve in 18 mL of H ₂ O.	
	Adjust the pH to 7.0 with 0.5	
	N KOH and fill up to 20.0	
	mL with H ₂ O] (Should be	
	prepared freshly)	
E. Enzyme diluent	20 mM K-phosphate buffer	
	pH 7.5	

4. Procedure

 Prepare the following <u>working solution</u> immediately before use (for 4 reactions).

Working solution

Carbonate-bicarbonate buffer, pH 11.0 (Reagent A)	3 mL
Glycerol solution (Reagent B)	2.2 mL
Ammonium sulfate solution (Reagent C)	0.2 mL
NAD+ solution (Reagent D)	0.6 mL
Total	6 mL

Be sure the pH in the range (pH 10.0–10.5). If not, adjust the pH to 10.5 with 1.0 N KOH or 1.0 N HCl, and store on ice in a brownish bottle.

- (2) Pipette 1.45 mL of the working solution into a tube and equilibrate at 25°C for about 5 minutes.
- (3) Add 0.05 mL of the enzyme solution* and mix by gentle inversion.

Concentration in a reaction	
Carbonate-bicarbonate buffer	0.1 M
Glycerol	0.1 M
NAD+	1 mM
Ammonium sulfate solution	33 mM

- (4) Add 1 mL of the mixture into a cuvette (d=1.0 cm).
- (5) Record the increase in optical density at 340 nm against water for 1 to 5 minutes in a spectrophotometer at room temperature and calculate the ΔOD per minute from the initial linear portion of the curve (ΔOD test). At the same time, measure the blank rate (ΔOD blank) by using the same method as the test except that the enzyme diluent is added instead of enzyme solution.
- * Dilute the enzyme in ice-cold enzyme diluent (**Reagent E**) to **0.10-0.25 U/ mL** and store on ice.
- (6) Activity can be calculated by using the following formula:

Volume activity (U/ mL)=

 Δ OD/ min (Δ OD test- Δ OD blank) × Vt × df

6.22 × 1.0 × Vs

 $= \Delta OD/\min \times 4.82 \times df$

Weight activity (U/ mg)= (U/ mL)×1/C

Vt: Total volume (1.5 mL)

Vs: Sample volume (0.05 mL)

6.22: Millimolar extinction coefficient of NADH (cm²/micromole)

1.0: Light path length (cm)

df: Dilution factor

C: Enzyme concentration in dissolution (mg/ mL)

Reference

1. Cedric Blötz. et al. Glycerol metabolism and its implication in

virulence in Mycoplasma. FEMS Microbiology Reviews (2017).

The effect of different conditions on Glycerol dehydrogenase

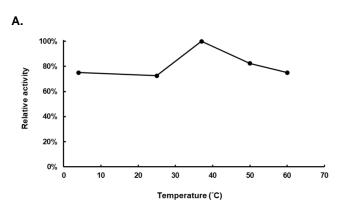


Figure A. Temperature activity of Glycerol dehydrogenase.

The enzyme reactions in 0.1 M Carbonate-bicarbonate buffer, pH 11.0, were carried out under different temperature.

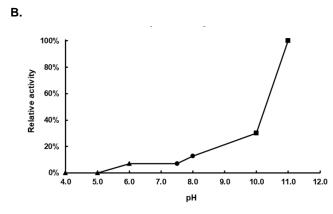


Figure B. pH activity of Glycerol dehydrogenase. The buffer conditions with various pH values were used in the reaction at 25°C. pH 4.0-6.0, 0.1 M Sodium citrate buffer; pH 7.5-8.0, 0.1 M Potassium phosphate buffer; pH 10.0-11.0, 0.1 M Carbonate-bicarbonate buffer.

C.

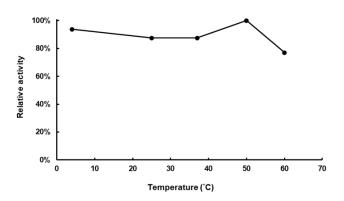


Figure C. Thermal stability of Glycerol dehydrogenase. The enzyme powder was reconstituted by double-distilled water and treated with different temperature for 15 minutes. Final concentration: 16 U/ mL

D.

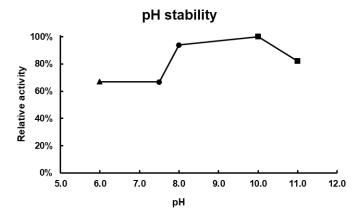


Figure D. pH stability of Glycerol dehydrogenase. The enzyme powder was reconstituted by double-distilled water and treated with different pH buffer condition for 20 hours at 25°C. pH 6.0, 0.1 M Sodium citrate buffer; pH 7.5-8.0, 0.1 M Potassium phosphate buffer; pH 10.0-11.0, 0.1 M Carbonate-bicarbonate buffer.

Disclaimer

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

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